

11142012002127



# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SECBuilding, EDSA, Greenhills, Mandaluyong City, Metro Manila, Philippines Tel: (632) 726-0931 to 39 Fax: (632) 725-5293 Email: mis@sec.gov.ph

# **Barcode Page**

The following document has been received:

Receiving Officer/Encoder : Marites S. Guevarra

Receiving Branch : SEC Head Office

Receipt Date and Time: November 14, 2012 04:24:41 PM

Received From : Head Office

Company Representative

Doc Source

Company Information

SEC Registration No.

AS94006430

Company Name

EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS INC.

Industry Classification

Company Type

Stock Corporation

# **Document Information**

Document ID

111142012002127

Document Type

17-Q (FORM 11-Q:QUARTERLY REPORT/FS)

**Document Code** 

17-C

Period Covered

September 30, 2012

No. of Days Late

0

Department

CFD

Remarks

# **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

#### SEC FORM 17-Q

# QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

- 1. For the quarterly period ended 30 September 2012
- 2. Commission Identification Number: ASO94-006430
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No. 003-942-108
- 4. EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS, INC.

Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter

5. Metro Manila

Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization

- 6. (SEC Use Only)
  Industry Classification Code
- 21st Floor, The World Centre
   330 Sen. Gil J. Puyat Avenue
   Makati City, Philippines 1227
   Address of issuer's principal office
- 8. **(632) 867-8351 to 59**

Issuer's telephone number, including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Class

Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding

Common

13,476,199,167

10. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [X] No [ ]

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:

The shares of common stock of the Company are listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange.

- 11. Indicate by check mark whether the issuer:
  - (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Section 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of The Corporation Code of the Philippines during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports).

Yes [X] No [	1
--------------	---

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [X] No [ ]

## **PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Item 1. Financial Statements

Interim financial statements are attached as Exhibits 1 to 6 hereof and incorporated herein by reference:

- Exhibit 1 Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2012
- Exhibit 2 Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income as of September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2012
- Exhibit 3 Comparative Statements of Changes in Equity as of September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2012
- Exhibit 4 Comparative Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as of September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2012
- Exhibit 5 Notes to Financial Statements
- Exhibit 6 Aging of Accounts Receivable as of September 30, 2012
- Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Please refer to Exhibit 7 hereof.

Item 3. Schedule of Financial Soundness Indicators

Please refer to Exhibit 8 hereof.

# **PART II – OTHER INFORMATION**

The Company is not in possession of information which has not been previously reported in a report on SEC Form 17-C and with respect to which a report on SEC Form 17-C is required to be filed.

## **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS, INC.

Issuer

By:

**EVELYN G. CACHO** 

auni

Vice President for Finance (Principal Financial Officer) and Duly Authorized Officer November 13, 2012

	(In Thousands)				
	J	Jnaudited	Audited		
	3	30-Sep-12		31-Dec-11	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	P	1,110,402	P	827,666	
Trade and other receivables - net		2,649,581		2,226,231	
Residential and condominium units for sale		10,551,476		9,456,554	
Property development costs		2,432,227		2,423,789	
Advances to related parties		1,653,715		1,631,182	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		3,688		5,803	
Prepayments		173,846		139,226	
Other current assets		551,071		356,945	
Total Current Assets		19,126,006		17,067,397	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Trade and other receivables - net		2,022,912		1,835,564	
Advances to landowners and joint ventures		833,116		940,216	
Available-for-sale financial assets		2,022,720		1,652,746	
Land for future development		3,318,995		3,111,506	
Investment in associates		654,543		592,415	
Investment property - net		221,018		233,622	
Property and equipment - net		171,046		176,529	
Other non-current assets		100,417		100,898	
Total Non-current Assets		9,344,767		8,643,496	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>P</u>	28,470,773	P	25,710,893	

# **LIABILITIES AND EQUITY**

CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	P	151,491	P	221,870
Trade and other payables		426,320		321,220
Income tax payable		118		7,020
Deferred gross profit on real estate sales		71,857		47,370
Customers' deposits		2,714,918		2,345,830
Advances from related parties		1,614,230		901,155
Reserve for property development		180,920		200,023
Other current liabilities		194,747		148,624
Total Current Liabilities		5,354,601		4,193,112
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings		267,832		417,377
Reserve for property development		908,083		654,934
Deferred tax liabilities		1,116,265		1,094,340
Deferred gross profit on real estate sales		277,363		204,314
Retirement benefit obligation		90,462		91,390
Total Non-current Liabilities		2,660,005		2,462,355
Total Liabilities		8,014,606		6,655,467
EQUITY				
Equity attributable to parent company's shareholders		19,709,848		18,201,813
Minority interest		746,319		853,613
Total Equity		20,456,167		19,055,426
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	P	28,470,773	P	25,710,893

	(In Thousands)					
	Unaud		Unaudited			
	July to Sept	Jan-Sept	July to Sept	Jan to Sept		
	2012	2012	2011	2011		
REVENUES						
Real estate sales	291,388	1,003,698	225,123	695,284		
Realized gross profit on prior years' sales	9,664	15,900	23,107	69,840		
Finance income	85,535	299,123	82,616	274,147		
Commissions & other income	190,480	413,625	134,033	380,320		
	577,067	1,732,346	464,879	1,419,591		
COSTS & EXPENSES						
Cost of real estate sales	194,041	692,739	163,231	494,761		
Deferred gross profit on current year's sales	28,746	113,436	42,134	107,116		
Finance costs	30,735	76,673	33,362	73,383		
Operating expenses	299,875	734,172	196,684	628,760		
Tax expense	(5,173)	26,026	460	32,504		
	548,224	1,643,046	435,871	1,336,524		
NET PROFIT	28,843	89,300	29,008	83,067		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)						
Fair value gains (losses) on available-for-sale financial assets	553,568	756,194	(258,662 )	(543,671 )		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	582,411	845,494	( 229,654)	( 460,604 )		
Net profit attributable to:						
Parent company's shareholders	27,841	94,131	27,920	76,433		
Minority interest	1,002	( 4,831)	1,088	6,634		
	28,843	89,300	29,008	83,067		
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to			<b>/=</b>	/aa · ·		
Parent company's shareholders	583,122	834,035	(211,601)	(414,328)		
Non-controlling interest	(711)	11,459	(18,053)	(46,276)		
	582,411	845,494	(229,654)	(460,604)		
Earnings Per Share						
Basic		0.0088		0.0073		
Diluted		0.0088		0.0071		

# EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	( In Thousands)				
	Unaudited 30-Sep-2012		Unaudited		
			30-Sep-	-2011	
CAPITAL STOCK	P	10,908,215	Р	10,908,215	
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		4,281,565		4,281,565	
DEPOSIT FOR FUTURE STOCK SUBSCRIPTION		674,000		-	
TREASURY SHARES		(116,234)		(116,234)	
REVALUATION RESERVES					
Balance at beginning of year Net Unrealized fair value gains (losses) on	473,951		826,334		
available-for-sale financial assets	739,904		(490,760)		
Balance at end of period		1,213,855		335,574	
RETAINED EARNINGS		2,748,447		2,551,365	
MINORITY INTEREST		746,319		851,520	
TOTAL EQUITY	P	20,456,167	Р	18,812,005	

# EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS, INC. & SUBSIDIARIES COMPARATIVE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands) Unaudited Unaudited 30-Sep-12 30-Sep-11 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income before tax 115,326 115,571 Adjustments for: 28,908 24,141 Depreciation and amortization 76,673 73,383 Finance costs Interest & other income (361,252)(331,855)(140,345)(118,760)Operating income before working capital changes Net Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities (1,881,465) 562,135 Increase (decrease) in current & non-current assets Increase (decrease) in current & other non-current liabilities 1,220,925 (768,116) (294,857) Increase (decrease) in reserve for property development 234,046 Cash used in operations (566,839) (619,598)Interest paid (41,559)(73,292)Cash paid for income taxes (35,445)(23,135)Net Cash Used in Operating Activities (643,843)(716,025)**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** 472,504 234,453 **CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES** 454,075 (282,097) **NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 282,736 (763,669) **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD 827,666 1,491,611 **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** AT END OF PERIOD 1,110,402 727,942

# EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS, INC.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 1) The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). The accounting policies and method of computation have been consistently followed by the Company (and its subsidiaries) and are consistent with those used in the most recent annual audited financial statements.
- 2) Cash and cash equivalents account is composed of cash on hand/in banks amounting to P220.3 million and short-term placements of P890.1 million.
- 3) Current Trade and Other Receivables account of P2.6 billion mostly includes receivables from sales transactions. The P2 billion non-current portion of Trade and Other Receivables are those amounts which are not expected to be realized/collected within the one-year period.
- 4) Property Development Cost and Residential and Condominium Units for Sale accounts amounting to P2.4 billion and P10.6 billion respectively, pertain to land development & construction costs of various projects.
- 5) Investment in and Advances to Associates and Related Parties and Advances to Landowners and Joint Venture accounts totaling P3.1 billion pertain to property acquisition, joint venture and other business related transactions.
- 6) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) and Available-for-sale Financial Assets accounts totaling P2 billion pertain to investments in equity securities of subsidiaries.
- 7) Land for Future Development account of P3.3 billion, which is net of the amount transferred to Property Development Cost account, refers to the properties acquired by the company. Most properties, which are specifically located in Metro Manila and Calabarzon areas, are intended for immediate and future development. This account also includes other expenses related to acquisition.
- 8) Investment Property account of P221 million pertains to land and building and office/commercial units for lease, and certain lots held for capital appreciation. This account is presented in the interim financial statements net of depreciation.
- 9) Property and Equipment account of P171 million is composed of fixed assets that are being depreciated over its estimated useful lives using a straight-line method. This account is presented in the interim financial statements net of depreciation.
- 10) Interest-bearing loans and borrowings account with a balance of P419.3 million mostly includes loans obtained from commercial banks/financial institution and trade receivables discounted with recourse.

- 11) Current Liabilities account is composed of current portion of deferred gross profit amounting to P71.9 million, customers' deposits/advances of P2.7 billion and other payables/accruals amounting to P2.2 billion. Other non-current liabilities include non-current portion of deferred tax, unearned revenue and other payables totaling to P1.5 billion.
- 12) Reserve for Property Development of P1.1 billion pertains to the remaining costs needed to complete the development/construction of the sold units.
- 13) Increase in Equity by P1.4 million is the net effect of nine-months net profit, the fair value gains/revaluation of marketable equity securities and deposit for future stock subscription.
- 14) Series B Preferred shares of 285,723,080 were converted to Common shares at the conversion price of P1.00 per share.
- 15) Revenues include the following real estate sales of P1.0 billion, realized gross profit from previous years' sale of P15.9 million, interest income of P299.1 million derived mostly from buyers in-house financing, and commissions and other income totaling to P413.6 million.
- 16) There were no changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior interim periods or prior financial years that have material effect in the current interim period.
- 17) There were no material contingencies and any other events/transactions that have material impact on the current interim period.
- 18) There were no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the group.
- 19) There were no issuances, repurchases, and repayments of debt and equity securities on the current interim period.
- 20) The Company's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. The Company is engaged in the development and marketing of affordable and mass housing projects either in the form of condominium communities or house and lot packages, and to a limited extent, commercial and office space and mixed-use complexes. It classifies its projects into high-rise and horizontal. High-rise projects refer to condominiums and other medium scale properties which cater to middle-income market while the horizontal projects refer to house and lot packages and subdivision lots which are intended both for low and middle-income market.

The tables in the succeeding pages present the revenue and profit information regarding industry segments in the quarters ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 and certain asset and liability information regarding industry segments as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

# <u>September 30, 2012</u>

	High-Rise Projects	Horizontal Projects	Corporate and Others	Total
TOTAL REVENUES Sales to external customers	<u>P 809,850,691</u>	<u>P 193,847,601</u>	<u>P 351,495,190</u>	<u>P 1,355,193.482</u>
RESULTS Segment results	<u>P 185,029,637</u>	<u>P 28,393,499</u>	<u>P 650,618,373</u>	P 864,041,509
Unallocated expenses Operating profit Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries Finance costs Profit before tax Tax expense Profit before minority interest Non-controlling interest – share in net profit Net profit attributable to parent company's shase I LIABILITIES	areholders		( 734,171,778) 62,128,547 ( 76,673,261) ( 26,025,524)	( 734,171,778) 129,869,731 62,128,547 ( 76,673,261) 115,325,017 ( 26,025,524) 89,299,493 4,831,282 P 94,130,775
Segment assets Investment in associates Unallocated assets Total assets	P 11,614,016,577	P 4,360,597,556  P 4,360,597,556	P 171,835,720 654,543,258 11,669,779,282 P 12,496,158,260	P 16,146,449,853 654,543,258 11,669,779,282 P 28,470,772,393
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	P 806,638,647  P 806,638,647	P 631,584,326 P 631,584,326	P - 6,576,382,449 P 6,576,382,449	P 1,438,222,973 6,576,382,449 P 8,014,605,422
OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION:				
Capital expenditures Depreciation and amortization			P 10,816,266 28,907,743	P 10,816,266 28,907,743

# <u>September 30, 2011</u>

		High-Rise Projects		Horizontal Projects		Corporate and Others		Total
TOTAL REVENUES Sales to external customers	<u>P</u>	501,556,872	<u>P</u>	193,726,657	<u>P</u>	367,006,791	<u>P</u>	1,062,290.320
RESULTS Segment results	<u>P</u>	90,160,645	<u>P</u>	73,085,945	<u>P</u>	641,153,574	P	804,400,164
Unallocated expenses Operating profit Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries Finance costs Profit before tax Tax expense Profit before minority interest					(	628,759,418) 13,313,931 73,383,326) 32,503,858)	(	628,759,418) 175,640,746 13,313,931 73,383,326) 115,571,351 32,503,858) 83,067,493
Non-controlling interest – share in net profit  Net profit attributable to parent company's sha	ıreholo	lers					( P	6,634,390) 76,433,103
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES								
Segment assets Investment in an associate Unallocated assets	P	10,279,412,140	P	4,302,663,515	P	182,666,557 592,414,710 10,353,735,590	P	14,764,742,212 592,414,710 10,353,735,590
Total assets	<u>P</u>	10,279,412,140	<u>P</u>	4,302,663,515	<u>P</u>	11,128,816,857	<u>P</u>	25,710,892,512
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	P	559,130,575	P	547,509,920	P	- 5,548,826,573	Р	1,106,640,495 5,548,826,573
Total liabilities	<u>P</u>	559,130,575	<u>P</u>	547,509,920	<u>P</u>	5,548,826,573	<u>P</u>	6,655,467,068
OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION:								
Capital expenditures Depreciation and amortization					Р	25,849,730 23,816,401	P	25,849,730 23,816,401

# EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

As of September 30, 2012

Amounts in thousands

# 1) Aging of Accounts Receivable

		Current				Above	Past due accounts &
Type of Receivables	Total	Not Yet Due	1 Month	2-3 Mos.	4-6 Mos.	7 Mos.	Items in Litigation
a) Trade Receivables	2,970,875	2,965,175	4,438	1,040	223	-	-
b) Other Receivables	1,701,618	1,701,618	-	-	-	-	-
Net Receivables	4,672,493						

# 2) Accounts Receivable Description

Type of Receivables		<u>Nature/Description</u>	Collection Period
a)	Trade Receivables	Sale of residential units/lots	maximum of 15 years
b)	Other Receivables	Advances to contractors/suppliers	1 to 2 years

3) Normal Operating Cycle: 3 to 15 years

# EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

# **RESULTS OF OPERATION**

# Review of September 30, 2012 versus September 30, 2011

During the nine-month period, the consolidated net profit amounted to P89.3 million, 8% higher than the previous year's net income of P83 million. Consolidated revenues, composed of real estate sales, finance income, commissions and other revenues posted an increase of 22% from P1.4 billion to P1.7 billion.

# Real Estate Sales

The Group registered Real Estate Sales of P1 billion for nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared with P695.3 million in 2011. The sales generated were derived from various projects including, California Gardens Square, Greenhills Garden Square, Pioneer Woodlands, The Cambridge Village, San Lorenzo Place, Laguna Bel Air Projects and The Sonoma.

The Cost of Sales amounting to P692.7 million in 2012 and P494.8 million in 2011, as a percentage of Real Estate Sales, was 69% and 71%, respectively. The change was primarily due to the different composition of products sold for each year.

Gross Profit was P311 million during the nine months of 2012 and P200.5 million in 2011, or 31% and 29% of Real Estate Sales, respectively. The gross profit margin varies depending on the product mix and the competitiveness of prices of each product. Realized Gross Profit amounting to P213.4 million and P163.2 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively represents 21% and 23% of Real Estate Sales, respectively.

# Other Revenues

The finance income amounting to P299.1 million and P274.1 million in 2012 and 2011 respectively, were derived mostly from in-house financing and accounts for 17% and 19% of total revenues. Additional sources of revenue were commissions of a subsidiary, rentals of investment properties and those obtained from other sources. Commission and other income totaling P413.6 million in 2012 and P380.3 million in 2011, represents 24% and 27% of total revenues, respectively.

# Operating Expenses

Operating Expenses posted an increase from P628.8 million in 2011 to P734.2 million in 2012. Other charges/expenses include Finance Cost of P76.7 million and P73.4 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively.

# FINANCIAL CONDITION

# Review of September 30, 2012 versus December 31, 2011

Total resources of the Group as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 amounted to P28.5 billion and P25.7 billion respectively. Cash and Cash Equivalents increased from P827.7 million to P1.1 billion. The Group remained liquid with Total Current Assets of P19.1 billion in 2012 and P17.1 billion in 2011, which accounted for 67% and 66% of the Total Assets in 2012 and 2011, while its Total Current Liabilities amounted to P5.4 billion in September 30, 2012 as compared with P4.2 billion in December 31, 2011.

Equity increased from P19.05 billion in the previous year to P20.5 billion as of September 30, 2012 due to revaluation of equity investments, deposit for future stock subscription and net income for the 9-month period.

For the nine months of 2012, the Group sourced its major cash requirements from internally generated funds, subscription payment on increase in authorized capital stock of the Company and partly from borrowings. In 2011, cash was sourced mostly from internal funds and partly from the discounting of its installment contract receivable.

The Group utilized its funds for construction and development of projects, purchase of properties, loan repayments, settlement of various payables and other operating expenses.

Material Changes in the 2012 Interim Financial Statements (increase/decrease of 5% or more in the 2012 Financial Statements)

#### Balance Sheets

- 34% increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents
   Mainly due to receipts of proceeds for future stock subscription
- 15% increase in Trade and Other Receivables
  Due to increase in real estate sales
- 12% increase in Residential and Condominium Units for Sale Due to continuous construction activities
- 36% decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Mainly due to revaluation of investment in securities held by a subsidiary
- 25% increase in Prepayments
   Mainly due to increase in prepaid taxes related to transfer of titles
- 54% increase in Other Current Assets

  Mainly due to increase in input vat on purchases and payments to various contractors

- 11% decrease in Advances to Landowners and Joint Ventures
   Due to reclassification of property to Land for Future Development account
- 22% increase in Available-for-sale Financial Assets
   Primarily due to increase in fair market value of investment in securities held by a subsidiary
- 7% increase in Land for Future Development
   Mainly due to reclassifications of property for future development
- 10% increase in Investment in Associates
  Primarily due to share in the net earnings of associates
- 5% decrease in Investment Property
   Mainly due to deprecation charges for the period
- 34% decrease in Interest-bearing Loans and Borrowings Due to repayment of loans and borrowings
- 33% increase in Trade and Other Payables
   Various payables to contractors and suppliers due to increasing construction activities
- 98% decrease in Income Tax Payables
   Due to payment of previous year's tax liabilities
- 39% increase in Deferred Gross Profit on Real Estate Sales Mainly due to unearned gross profit on sales of new projects
- 16% increase in Customers Deposit
   Mainly due to increase in reservation and collection from various projects
- 79% increase in Advances from Related Parties
   Due to advances for construction related activities
- 27% increase in Reserve for Property Development Mainly attributed to uncompleted construction/development of new projects
- 31% increase in Other Current Liabilities
   Due to increase in some payables to suppliers and contractors

#### Income Statements

- 44% increase in Real Estate Sales
   Due to sales of new projects
- 77% decrease in Realized Gross Profit on Prior Years' Sale Primarily due to completion of some projects
- 9% increase in Finance Income
   Primarily due to increase in interest income realized from in-house financing
- 9% increase in Commission & Other Income
   Mainly due to increase in other revenues of a subsidiary
- 40% increase in Cost of Real Estate Sales Mainly due to increase in real estate sales
- 6% increase in Deferred Gross Profit Current Year's Sales Due to gross profit from sales of new projects
- 17% increase in Operating Expenses
  Primarily due to aggressive selling/marketing activities and increase in administrative expenses
- 20% decrease in Income Tax Expense
  Primarily due to decrease in income subject to corporate tax

For the year 2012, the projected capital expenditures (construction/development) of roughly P3 billion is expected to be funded by collections, borrowings and equity financing.

Fluctuations in foreign exchange rate had no adverse effect on the Group's financial conditions since the Group has very minimal importations of construction-related materials and have no foreign denominated loans.

There are no other material changes in the Group's financial position and condition (5% or more) that will warrant a more detailed discussion. Likewise, there are no material events and uncertainties known to the management that would have material impact on reported financial information and normal operations of the Group.

The nature of all revenues and expenses disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income are business related transactions and arose from the Group's continuing operations. Also, no prior period adjustment was made during any period covered by the statements of financial position.

There are no material off-statements of financial condition transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the Group with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Group, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

The Group is aggressively marketing its products specially the new projects. It continuously offers competitive prices, more lenient payment schemes under in-house financing and has strong tie-ups with reputable banks for the financing requirements of its buyers.

# TOP FIVE (5) KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

For the nine-month period of 2012, the following are top key performance indicators of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries:

# 1) Increase in Revenue

The increasing sales and other income derived from various sources contributed mainly to the Group's revenue.

# 2) Ability to repay loan obligations

The loan obligations were promptly settled. The Group maintains a good credit standing with creditor banks and has considerable standby credit facilities, which can be utilized for urgent capital requirements.

# 3) Increase in reservation sales

The Group's product concepts, project location, flexible payment scheme and aggressive selling have contributed to the increase in reservation sales. The Group's new projects are connected to mass transit system and are conveniently located in business districts of Metro Manila

# 4) Continuous development of projects

The Group aggresively undertakes construction and development activities and has been exerting efforts to deliver its projects within the commitment timetable.

## 5) Landbanking

The Group has been continuously acquiring interests in properties through either outright acquisitions or joint venture arrangements with landowners. It intends to have sufficient properties for development within the next 5 to 7 years.

## ASSESSMENT OF FINANCIAL RISKS

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks, which result from both its operating and investing activities. Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department under policies approved by the BOD, and focuses on actively securing the Group's short to medium-term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to financial markets.

The Group does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed to are described below.

# 1) Foreign Currency Sensitivity

Most of the Group's transactions are carried out in Philippine pesos, its functional currency. Foreign exchange risk arises from the Group's U.S. dollar-denominated cash and cash equivalents.

To mitigate the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-Philippine peso cash flows are closely monitored.

The Group's U.S.-dollar denominated financial assets, translated into Philippine pesos amounted to P77.4 million as of September 30, 2012.

At September 30, 2012, if the peso had strengthened by 5% against the U.S. dollar with all other variables held constant, income before tax for the year would have been P3.8 million lower, mainly as a result of foreign exchange loss on translation of U.S. dollar-denominated cash and cash equivalents.

On the other hand, if the peso had been weaker by the same percentage, with all other variables held constant, income before tax would have been higher by the same amount.

The 4% movement in the value of peso against U.S. dollar was estimated based on the market volatility in exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Group's foreign currency financial instruments held at the reporting period.

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the year depending on the volume of transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's currency risk.

# 2) Interest Rate Sensitivity

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises only from cash and cash equivalents, which are subject to variable interest rates. Financial assets and liabilities at variable rates expose the group to cash flow interest rate risk. All other financial assets and liabilities have fixed rates.

On September 30, 2012, if general interest rates on dollar and peso-denominated

financial assets had been higher by 0.27%, with all other variables held constant, income before tax for the year would have been P4.1 million higher, mainly as a result of higher interest income on floating rate deposits.

The movements in interest rates used in the sensitivity analysis are considered reasonably possible and are based on observation of interest rate fluctuations for the past six months using a 95%-confidence level. The calculations are based on the Group's financial instruments held at each reporting period, with effect estimated from the beginning of the year.

# 3) Credit Risk

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the face of the statements of financial position, as summarized below:

	As of Sept. 30,2012	As of Sept 30, 2011
Cash and cash equivalents	P 1,109,041,977	P 727,942,006
Trade and other receivables - net	4,150,257,061	4,559,030,249
Advances to landowners and joint venture	833,115,590	938,152,034
Advances to related parties	_ <u>1,653,715,324</u>	1,564,072,579
	P 7,746,129,952	P7,789,196,868

The credit risk for liquid funds is considered negligible, since the counter parties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings. In respect of trade and other receivables, the Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counter party or any group of counter parties having similar characteristics.

The Group continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counter parties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporate this information into its credit risk controls. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counter parties. In addition, for a significant proportion of sales, advance payments are received to mitigate credit risk.

The Group's management considers that all the above financial assets that are not impaired for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality, including those that are past due.

# 4) Liquidity Risk

The Group manages its liquidity needs by carefully monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long-term financial liabilities as well as cash outflows due in a day-to-day business. Liquidity needs are monitored in various time bands, on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a 6-month and one-year period are identified monthly.

The Group maintains cash to meet its liquidity requirements for up to 60-day periods.

Excess cash are invested in time deposits or short-term marketable securities. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is additionally secured by an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to sell long-term financial assets.

As at September 30, 2012, the Group's financial liabilities have contractual maturities which are presented below:

•	Current		Non-curre	ent
	Within	6 to 12	1 to 5	Later than
	6 Months	<u>Months</u>	Years	5 Years
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	P 151,490,762	Р -	P 267,832,282	Р -
Trade and other payables	426,320,225	-	-	-
Advances from related parties	1,614,230,447	-	-	-
Other current liabilities	194,746,631			
	P2,386,788,065	<u>P</u> -	P 267,832,282	<u>P</u> -

This compares to the maturity of the Group's financial liabilities in the previous reporting period as follows:

	Current		Non-o	current
	Within	6 to 12	1 to 5	Later than
	6 Months	Months	Years	5 Years
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	P 230,156,897	P -	P 476,961,041	P -
Trade and other payables	265,561,992	-	17,137,089	-
Advances from related parties	728,928,919	-	-	-
Other current liabilities	142,042,694			
	P1,366,690,502	<u>P - </u>	<u>P 494,098,130</u>	<u>P - </u>

The above contractual maturities reflect the gross cash flows, which may differ from the carrying values of the liabilities at the reporting period.

#### 5) Other Market Price Risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the balance sheet as available-for-sale financial assets. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

At September 30, 2012, if the quoted stock price for the securities had decreased by 6.27% with all other variables held constant, equity would have been lower by about P111.8 million. The 6.27% estimated change in quoted market price is computed based on volatility of local index for holdings first listed at Philippine Stock Exchange.

On the other hand, if the quoted market price for these securities had increased by the same amount, with all other variables held constant, equity for the year would have been higher by the same figure.

The investments in listed equity securities are considered long-term, strategic

investments. In accordance with the Group's policies, no specific hedging activities are undertaken in relation to these investments. The investments are continuously monitored and voting rights arising from these equity instruments are utilized in the Group's favor.

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS EVALUATION

Financial assets include cash and financial instruments. The Group classifies its financial assets, other than hedging instruments, into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. Financial assets are assigned to the different categories by management on initial recognition, depending on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. The designation of financial assets is re-evaluated at every reporting date at which date a choice of classification or accounting treatment is available, subject to compliance with specific provisions of applicable accounting standards.

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Regular purchase and sales of financial assets are recognized on their trade date. All financial assets that are not classified as at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, plus transaction costs. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss is initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statements of comprehensive income.

The foregoing categories of financial instruments are more fully described below.

# 1) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

This category includes financial assets that are either classified as held for trading or are designated by the entity to be carried at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term or if so designated by management. Derivatives are also categorized as 'held for trading' unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realized within 12 months from the reporting period.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial assets included in this category are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Financial assets originally are designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss may not be subsequently be reclassified.

# 2) Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivables. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting period which are classified as non-current assets.

Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Any change in their value is recognized in profit or loss. Impairment loss is provided when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due to it in accordance with the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the impairment loss is determined as the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows.

The Group's loans and receivables are presented as Trade and Other Receivables, Advances to Landowners and Joint Ventures, and Advances to Related Parties in the statements of financial position.

# 3) Held-to-maturity Investments

This category includes non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and a fixed date of maturity. Investments are classified as held-to-maturity if the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold them until maturity. Investments intended to be held for an undefined period are not included in this classification. They are included in non-current assets in the statements of financial position, except those maturing within 12 months of the reporting period.

Held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. In addition, if there is objective evidence that the investment has been impaired, the financial asset is measured at the present value of estimated cash flows. Any changes to the carrying amount of the investment are recognized in profit or loss.

# 4) Available-for-sale Financial Assets

This category includes non-derivative financial assets that are either designated to this category or do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months from the reporting period.

All financial assets within this category are subsequently measured at fair value, unless otherwise disclosed, with changes in value recognized in equity, net of any effects arising from income taxes. Gains and losses arising from securities classified as available-for-sale are recognized in the statements of comprehensive income when they are sold or when the investment is impaired.

In the case of impairment, any loss previously recognized in equity is transferred to the statements of comprehensive income. Impairment losses recognized in the statements of comprehensive income on equity securities are not reversed through the statements to comprehensive income. Losses recognized in prior year statements of comprehensive income resulting from the impairment of debt instruments are reversed through the statements of comprehensive income.

For investment that are actively traded in organized financial markets, fair value is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices in the stock exchange at the close of business on the reporting period. For investments where there is no quoted market price, fair value is determined by reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the investment.

Non-compounding interest and other cash flows resulting from holding financial assets are recognized in consolidated profit or loss when received, regardless of how the related carrying amount of financial assets is measured.

De-recognition of financial assets occurs when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial instruments expire or are transferred and substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

The Group has no investment in foreign securities as of reporting period. The markets of the Group's Available-for-sale Financial Assets are active.

The significant accounting policies used in this consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those applied in the Group's annual consolidated statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011.

The Group has decided not to early adopt PFRS 9 (2009) or PFRS 9 (2010) for its 2012 financial reporting and, therefore, the consolidated interim financial statements do not reflect the impact of the said standard.

In the meantime, the Group does not expect to implement the amendments until 2013 when all chapters of the PAS 39 replacement have been published at which time the Group expects it can comprehensively assess the impact of the revised standard. The policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

# EMPIRE EAST LAND HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

	9/30/2012	12/31/2011
Current ratio	3.57	4.07
Quick ratio	0.70	0.73
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.39	0.35
Interest-bearing debt to total capitalization ratio	0.02	0.03
Asset-to-equity ratio	1.39	1.35
		9/30/2011
Interest rate coverage ratio	250%	257%
Net profit margin	5%	6%
Return on assets	0.33%	0.32%
Return on equity/investment	0.44%	0.44%
Return on equity/investment of owners	0.48%	0.43%

LIQUIDITY RATIOS measure the business' ability to pay short-term debt.

Current ratio - computed as current assets divided by current liabilities

Quick ratio - computed as cash, marketable securities, accounts receivable divided by current liabilitites

 $SOLVENCY\ RATIOS\ measure\ the\ business'\ ability\ to\ pay\ all\ debts,\ particularly\ long-term-debt.$ 

Debt-to-equity ratio-computed as total liabilities divided by stockholders' equity.

Interest-bearing debt to total capitalization ratio-computed as interest-bearing debt divided by interest-bearing debt + stockholder's equity attributable to controlling interest.

ASSET-TO-EQUITY RATIOS measure financial leverage and long-term solvency.

It shows how much of the assets are owned by the company. It is computed as total assets divided by stockholders' equity.

INTEREST RATE COVERAGE RATIOS measure the business' ability to meet its interest payments.

It is computed as profit before income tax and interest expense ("EBIT") divided by interest. In the computation, non-recurring gain is excluded from EBIT.

# PROFITABILITY RATIOS

Net profit margin - computed as net profit divided by revenues

Return on assets - net profit divided by average total assets

Return on investment - net profit divided by total stockholders' equity

Return on investment of equity owners - net profit attributable to owners of the parent divided by equity attributable to owners of the parent company